Beautiful & Sublime

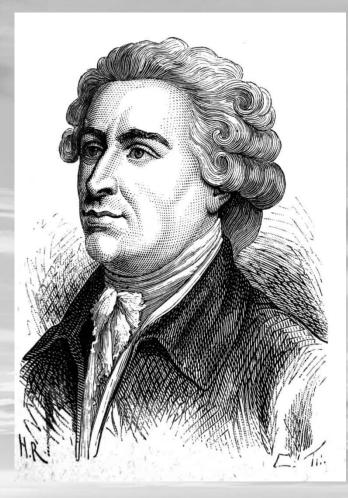
Edmund Burke



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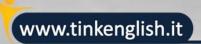
Edmund Burke



• A Philosophical Enquiry into the Origin of our Ideas of the Sublime and Beautiful (1757)

SUBLIME





The Sublime

 «Whatever is fitted in any sort to excite the ideas of pain and danger ,ot..it is conversant by terrible objects or operates in a manner analoguous to terror, is a source of the subline; that is it is productive of the strongest emotions which the mind is capable of feeling.» (Of he Sublime, vol.1)





THE NATURE OF FEAR

- No emotion is stroger than fear, not even pleasure
- Fear is the true source of the Sublime
- The Sublime is always founded on Terror
- Whatever is visibly terrible is always sublime because it arouses a sense of danger and terror
- Obscurity and mystery are essential to make things terrible.

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EFFECTS



The passions caused by the sublime

ASTONISHMENT

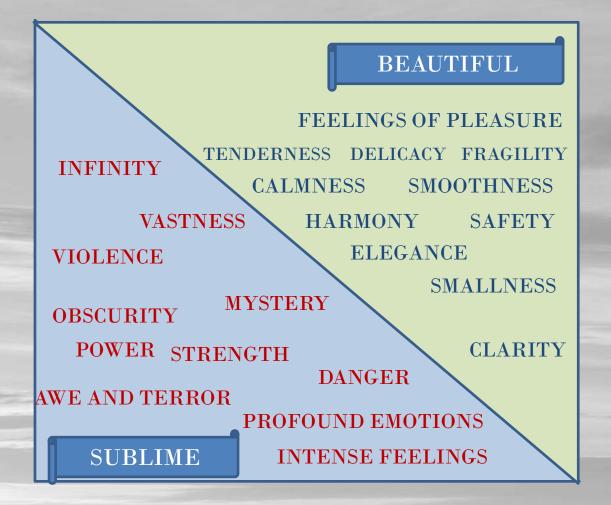
ADMIRATION

REVERENCE

RESPECT

THE SUBLIME IN NATURE







From Neoclassicism to Romanticism

Order/Beautiful

- FEELINGS OF PLEASURE
- TENDERNESS
- DELICACY
- SMOOTHNESS
- CALMNESS
- HARMONY
- SMALLNESS
- CLARITY
- SAFETY
- OBJECTIVITY

Chaos/Sublime

- **PROFOUND EMOTIONS**
- VIOLENCE
- STRENGHT
- ROUGHNESS
- AWE AND TERROR
- CHAOS
- VASTNESS
- DARKNESS
- DANGER
- SUBJECTIVITY



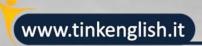
Subjective



Neoclassicism (18° century)

- Coincides with the age of Elightenment (reason)
- Reaction to the opulence of baroque
- Artist are inspired by Greek and Roman aesthetics
- Classic canons were regarded as perfect
- Observation and reproduction of classic works
- Art Beautiful Objective
- Art is cerebral and not sensual





The sublime in nature

- HUGE AND TERRIFYING ASPECTS IN NATURE:
- Turbulent oceans
- The rugged wilderness
- The mountains
- Dangerous creatures
- Tiny frightening creatures
- Meterological disasters
- Exteme weather
- Void
- Infinity











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